

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Re-Move

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Re-Move  
**Product code** : 70-31415-00 (300 mL)  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Cleaner.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MAHLE Aftermarket Ltd.  
Springvale Avenue, Springvale Business Park  
WV14 0QL Bilston , West Midlands

Phone: +44 8456 88-5007

Fax: +44 8456 88-5009

Internet: www.mahle-aftermarket.com

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : sdb.qus@dana.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : NHS on 111

#### Supplier

**Telephone number** : +49 731/7046-0

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Aerosol 1, H222, H229

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

#### Precautionary statements

**General** : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

<b>Prevention</b>	: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
<b>Response</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Storage</b>	: P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
<b>Disposal</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Hazardous ingredients</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Special packaging requirements</b>	
<b>Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Tactile warning of danger</b>	: Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

<b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b>	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	: None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
dimethoxymethane	EC: 203-714-2 CAS: 109-87-5	>50 - <75	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[2]
butane	EC: 203-448-7 CAS: 106-97-8 Index: 601-004-00-0	>10 - <25	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	[2]
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	EC: 232-315-6 CAS: 8002-74-2	<3	Not classified.	[2]
2-aminoethanol	EC: 205-483-3 CAS: 141-43-5 Index: 603-030-00-8	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	[1] [2]

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO2 or sand. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
- Additional information** : Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- 6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

##### Named substances

Name	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
butane	50 tonnes	200 tonnes

##### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonnes	500 tonnes

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dimethoxymethane	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 3950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 3160 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
butane	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Carc.</b> STEL 15 minutes: 1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 600 ppm.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Fume. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Fume.
2-aminoethanol	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)</b> Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 3 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

### Biological exposure indices

None known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

**DNEL/DMEL Summary** : Not applicable.

### PNECs

Not available.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Wear tightly-sealed safety glasses. (EN 166, splash goggles)

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Recommended:** Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  
>2 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  
**Recommended:** Combination filtering device (DIN EN 14387). Filter type: AX.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Aerosol.]
- Colour** :  White.
- Odour** : Characteristic.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not applicable.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not applicable.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** :  Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** : Lower: 1.5%  
Upper: 17.6%
- Flash point** : -60°C (-76°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :  Not applicable.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Viscosity** :  Dynamic (room temperature): Not applicable.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable.  
Kinematic (40°C): Not available.
- Solubility in water** : Insoluble.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** :  93.3 kPa (2200 mm Hg) [20°C]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : 0.74 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)]
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Explosive properties** : Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
- Oxidising properties** : Not available.
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.2 Other information

#### Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : May form explosive mixtures with air.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Keep away from direct sunlight.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidising materials

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result and Species	Dose [Exposure]	Remarks
dimethoxymethane	Oral - Rat - LD50	6453 mg/kg	-
	Dermal - Rabbit - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	-
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	Oral - Rat - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	-
	Dermal - Rabbit - LD50	>3600 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	Oral - Rat - LD50 [OECD 401]	1089 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
dimethoxymethane	6453	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1089	1100	N/A	11	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result and Species	Exposure	Remarks
2-aminoethanol	Skin - Rabbit - Severe irritant - [OECD 404]	-	-
	Eyes - Rabbit - Severe irritant - [OECD 405]	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary**

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
**Eyes** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
**Respiratory** : Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure and Species	Result	Remarks
2-aminoethanol	skin - Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
**Respiratory** : Not available.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result [Exposure]	Species	Remarks
Dimethoxymethane	Acute - LC50 >1000 mg/l [96 hours]	Fish - <i>Brachydanio rerio</i>	-
	Acute - EC50 >1000 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	-
2-aminoethanol	Acute - LC50 170 mg/l [96 hours] [APHA 1971]	Fish - <i>Carassius auratus</i>	-
	Acute - EC50 65 mg/l [48 hours]	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	-
	Acute - EC50 2.5 mg/l [72 hours] [OECD 201]	Algae - <i>Scenedesmus capricornutum</i>	-
	Chronic - NOEC 1.2 mg/l [30 days]	Fish - <i>Oryzias latipes</i>	-
	Chronic - NOEC 0.85 mg/l [21 days] [OECD 211]	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Remarks
Dimethoxymethane	-	88% [30 days]	-
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	-	>50% [28 days]	-
2-aminoethanol	-	>90% [21 days]	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	-	-	Inherent
2-aminoethanol	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-aminoethanol	-2.46	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Dimethoxymethane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
butane	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-aminoethanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

#### Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
16 00 00	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 05 00	
16 05 04*	
15 00 00	
15 01 00	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 10*	

#### Packaging





**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
Label				
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	Marine Pollutant: No	No.

### Additional information

**ADR/RID** : **Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Special provisions** 190, 327, 625, 344  
**Tunnel code** (D)

**ADN** : **Special provisions** 190, 327, 625, 344

**IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U  
**Special provisions** 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

**IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.  
**Special provisions** A145, A167, A802

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** :  Not intended.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

### UK (GB)/REACH

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
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**Labelling** : Not applicable.

**Aerosol dispensers** :

**UK  
CA**



Extremely flammable

### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### Named substances

Name
butane

### Danger criteria

Category
F3a

### VOC

Calculation method	Product as-supplied	Product ready-for-use
Without volume exclusion	728.6 g/l 98.5 % (w/w)	Not applicable
With volume exclusion [water excluded]	728.6 g/l	Not applicable
With volume exclusion [water not excluded]	728.6 g/l	Not applicable

### National regulations

**Product type** : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Avoid exposure. After accidental exposure, seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

Product waste and emptied containers should be disposed of in accordance with local waste regulations. Do not reuse container.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

**Expiry date** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
butane	EH40/2005 WELs	-	Carc	-

### EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

#### OECD Comprehensive Global PFAS Database

Not listed.

### Inventory list

<b>Australia</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Canada</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>China</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Eurasian Economic Union</b>	: <b>Russian Federation inventory</b> : All components are listed or exempted.
<b>New Zealand</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Philippines</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Thailand</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Turkey</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>United States</b>	: All components are active or exempted.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- EWC = European Waste Catalogue
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

Re-Move

## SECTION 16: Other information

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 N/A = Not available  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 SGG = Segregation Group  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	On basis of test data

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aerosol 1	AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Gas 1A	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Press. Gas (Comp.)	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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